Suottascripziun candidata / candidat: Lö / data:

_____ _____

Inglais (vallader)

Dürada: I 15 minutas, II– IV 60 minutas

max. puncts	**120**
I Listening	20
II Structures	55
III Reading	25
IV Writing	20

Vegn emplenì dals magisters che curregian

Correctura	data:	visum:	puncts:
I Listening		20	
II Structures		55	
III Reading		25	
IV Writing		20	
		puncts cuntanschids total ►	

Controlla	data:	visum:	puncts:
I Listening		20	
II Structures		55	
III Reading		25	
IV Writing		20	
		puncts cuntanschids total ►	

Controlla posteriura	data:	visum:	puncts:
I Listening		20	
II Structures		55	
III Reading		25	
IV Writing		20	
		puncts cuntanschids total ►	

Part I: Listening

Instructions

→ **Do not turn this page before the speaker tells you.**

→ **Only remove the sticker when the speaker tells you.**

How does the listening work?

1 You have 60 seconds to read the instructions.

2 You hear a beep.

3 The speaker tells you to remove the sticker and turn the page.
You have 90 seconds to read tasks 1 – 10, pages 4 – 6.

4 You hear a beep.

5 Listen to the recording and complete tasks 1 – 10, pages 4 – 6.

6 You hear a beep.

7 You hear the recording a second time.

8 Finish your answers.

9 You hear a double beep.

10 Continue with tasks B – J.

A Listening

Listen to a conversation between two people about their plans for the weekend. Tick off (✓) the correct options to 1 – 9. In 2 – 9 only one option (a, b, c or d) is correct. Write the question for 10. *[20 points]*

1. Which activities do the speakers say they are going to do?

[6 points, 0.5 point each]

a. Skateboarding ☐
b. Dirtboarding ☐
c. Canyoning ☐
d. Bungee Jumping ☐
e. Go up the Eiffel Tower ☐
f. Visit Notre Dame Cathedral ☐
g. Take a boat ride ☐
h. Visit the old parts of the city ☐
i. Go round the Louvre ☐
j. Go to the Musée D'Orsay ☐
k. Visit Montmartre and look at the views ☐
l. Go to the famous restaurant 'The French' ☐

6 ☐

[questions 2 – 9 1.5 points each]

2. A dirtboard is

a. a board with wheels that you stand on. ☐
b. a deck to sit on. ☐
c. a board with no wheels that you stand on. ☐
d. a board that you sit on. ☐

3. To go canyoning you have to use

a. ropes and a helmet. ☐
b. a guide and special equipment. ☐
c. ropes and special equipment. ☐
d. an elastic band and a life vest. ☐

4. Zip-wiring is

a. scary and difficult.
b. easy and exciting.
c. scary but exciting.
d. difficult and dangerous.

5. How does the girl feel about bungee jumping?

a. She would never do it.
b. She thinks it's fun.
c. She would like to try it.
d. She wants to be asked.

6. Paris looks so beautiful

a. at night.
b. on television.
c. in the pictures.
d. in the paintings.

7. The impressionist paintings are in

a. the Louvre.
b. the Musée D'Orsay.
c. the Rodin Museum.
d. Montmartre.

8. The famous Rodin statue is called

a. the Worker.
b. the Thinker.
c. the Philosopher.
d. the Sinner.

9. The girl is going to Paris for

a. the weekend.
b. three days.
c. four days.
d. five days.

12

10. Write down the last question the boy asks. *[2 points]*

……?

2

Total Listening: 20

Part II: Structures

B Tenses

Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense (present simple, present continuous, past simple) and form (positive, negative or question form).

[8 points, ½ point each]

Sophie and Noah are in the study room and should work on a history assignment. No teacher …… (1 watch) right now, and Noah …… (2 prefer) chatting.

– Sophie, …… (3 I / tell) you about the project days I …… (4 go) to last November?

– Where …… (5 you / go)?

– Oh, we …… (6 not travel) far. We …… (7 spend) five days in London and …… (8 stay) at a youth hostel. Nobody …… (9 sleep) well, because there …… (10 be) some scary Swiss students showing antisocial behaviour. They got angry when we …… (11 tell) them to be quiet.

– Shh, the teacher …… (12 come)!

– No, false alarm! It's just Oliver. You know he …… (13 always / go) to the toilet during study time! What was I saying?

– Project days.

– Right. We …… (14 work) for "Challenge the cold". It's a charity. They organize weather clothing for children from disadvantaged families so that the children …… (15 not sit) at home all winter during their free time.

– Sounds like a good thing to do, but …… (16 it / not be) boring for project days?

– Well, it was ok, really.

8

C Questions

These are answers. Write the questions and ask for the underlined part.

[9 points, 1.5 points each]

Example:	He likes <u>spaghetti</u>.
	→ **What does he like?**

1 I go to piano lessons <u>twice a week</u>.

……..……?

2 <u>My little sister</u> usually sets the table at my house.

……..……?

3 The students tried to sleep <u>after studying hard</u>.

……..……?

4 We got <u>more than twenty</u> gifts from our relatives.

……..……?

5 The concert lasted <u>almost two hours</u>.

……?

6 I am looking at <u>this famous singer</u>.

……?

9

D Jumbled Words

Put the words in the correct order and write complete sentences in the correct tense. Write positive or negative sentences or questions (?).
[6 points, 1 point for correct subject and verb form, 1 point for correct word order]

Examples:	earn / she / babysitting / week / £15 / from / a → **She earns £15 a week from babysitting.** famous / year / about / they / reading / people / not / enjoy / books / last → **They didn't enjoy reading books about famous people last year.**

1 table tennis / play / eight / yesterday / children / the / until / o'clock / evening

……..
……..

2 want / famous / brother / actor / one / to / your / day / be / a ?

……..
……..

3 try / tomorrow's / study / to / exam / French / I / for

Quiet! ……
……..

6

E C-Test

Fill in the gaps. The gaps are always the second half of a word. In words with an uneven number of letters (1,3,5,7,9, etc.) it is the second half of a word plus one letter.

[7 points, 0.5 point each]

Example:	They are eat_____ in t_____ city centre. → They are eat**ing** in t**he** city centre.

Moving to a new country can be bo…… exciting and challenging. Many	1	
people leave their home of ori…… with the intention to build a better life.	1	
However, starting fresh in a different soc…… requires strength and	1	
determination. When I moved for work, I had to integrate into the lo……	1	
culture. At first, it wasn't easy. My nat…… language is Spanish, and	1	
although I spoke some English, I needed to improve to fully con…… to the	1	
people around me. My profe…… as a teacher helped me meet new people,	1	
and they gave me a lot of sup…… . The community welcomed me and	1	
arranged language classes and events where newcomers could sh……	1	
their stories. A year later, I fell in love with someone I met at one of th……	1	
events. We eventually got mar……, which strengthened my sense of	1	
belonging. Learning about my wife's relatives' iden…… and blending it with	1	
mine made me appreciate h…… diverse and connected our world is.	1	
Settling in a new country is a journey, but with strength and a welcoming		
community, it bec…… a rewarding experience.	1	

7	

F Translation

Translate into English.

[8 points]

I'l passà gnivan blers turists britannics in Svizra pervi da las muntognas spectacularas, o na? - Schi, absolutamaing. Ma ün tal viadi d'eira fich privlus. Hozindi esa bler plü simpel e plü sgür.

In der Vergangenheit *kamen viele britische Touristen in die Schweiz wegen der spektakulären Berge, nicht wahr? – Ja, absolut. Aber eine solche Reise war sehr gefährlich. Heute ist es viel einfacher und sicherer.*

In the past ……

……

……

……

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……

……

8

G Grammar and Vocabulary cloze

Complete the translation. *[9 points, 1 point each]*

Example:	Unsere Reise machte riesig Spass.
	_____ trip was _____.
	__Our____trip was __**great fun**_____.

1 Teis hotel d'eira amo pês co meis!
Dein Hotel war noch schlechter als meins!
Your hotel was even ……!

2 Nus nu vain blers trats cumünaivels.
Wir haben nicht viele Gemeinsamkeiten.
We …… many things …….

3 T'allegrast ch'eu sun d'accord?
Freust du dich, dass ich einverstanden bin?
Are you happy ……?

4 Id es scumandà d'ütilisar ün telefonin.
Es ist verboten, ein Handy zu benutzen.
It is …… to use a ……...

5 Eu m'interess per rugby.
Ich interessiere mich für Rugby.
I …….. rugby.

6 Quai es lavur chi po gnir fatta be a man.
Das ist Arbeit, die nur von Hand gemacht werden kann.
This is work …….. can only be done ……..

7 As douvra eir üna charta geografica?
Braucht man auch eine Landkarte?
Do you …… need ……?

8 Eu visitess plü jent üna cità co ir a la riva.
Ich würde lieber eine Stadt besuchen als an den Strand gehen.
……..…….. visit a city …….go to the beach.

9 Eu nu'm poss imaginar d'ascender quista muntogna.
Ich kann mir nicht vorstellen, diesen Berg zu besteigen.
I can't …….. this mountain.

9

H Error correction

There is one mistake in each sentence. Mark the mistake and write the correct word(s) instead, as in the example.

[8 points, 1 point each]

Example:	Paul is going to church every Sunday. → Paul <u>is going</u> to church every Sunday.	**GOES**

1	When we get to the hotel I'd like relaxing in my room for a while.		
2	To get to the station you have to take the road at the left.		
3	This part of the town is the nicest because there are much old buildings.		
4	When they were young the Millers had two dogs, weren't they?		
5	I'm thinking your new haircut looks great.		
6	In our last art lesson Ruby drawed the best elephant and coloured it nicely.		
7	I did my homeworks before going to training.		
8	As explorer he regularly has to do survival training.		

8	

Total Structures:	55

Part III: Reading

I Reading

Read the text and answer 1 – 4 according to the instructions.

1 *Read the text «El Dorado» and match the headings (1 – 8) to the paragraphs of the text (A – F). Write the correct numbers in the boxes. Use each number only once. Be careful, there are two headings that you do not need to use.*

[6 points, 1 point each]

A (lines 1-5)
B (lines 6-12)
C (lines 13-17)
D (lines 18-25)
E (lines 26-32)
F (lines 33-41)

1. The threat of global warming
2. Rich and poor together
3. The greatest businesses in the world are here
4. Farming in the Golden State
5. Foreign workers needed
6. Gold, gold, gold
7. The dream of being rich
8. From dishwasher to millionaire

A	B	C	D	E	F

6

	Line
El Dorado	
[A] In the 16th and 17th centuries, European explorers on the American continent searched for El Dorado (‘the golden one’ in Spanish), a city which was said to be made of gold. They never found it (it probably never existed), but the name still refers to any place where great wealth can be found very quickly.	1
[B] In 1855, the Californian town of Mud Springs changed its name to El Dorado for a very good reason. During the California Gold Rush, it had become one of the places at the center of the search for the precious yellow	5

metal. Mud Springs boomed and the town decided it needed a more attractive name. And what name could be better than El Dorado? By the 1880s, most of the gold had gone, but the spirit of that rush has remained throughout the Golden State.

[C] Although California's sunny climate is a big attraction for many, the state's strong economy is what really appeals to millions of people. Silicon Valley in Northern California, for example, is home to many of the world's largest technology companies: Apple, Meta (formerly known as Facebook), Google, eBay, Netflix and many others.

[D] Each of these began as a small start-up company – often just one or two people and a good idea. For example, the first Apple computers were made in a bedroom, and Google began as a student project. In the 1990s, internet start-ups became a kind of 'California Gold Rush 2.0', and millions of dollars were spent on starting new web businesses. People thought this would go on forever, but in 2001 the 'dot-com bubble' burst, and millions of dollars were lost. A new boom, however, has made technology one of the leading industries in California and worldwide.

[E] Agriculture has long been another Californian success story. The state's climate is ideal for growing fruit and vegetables, and great fortunes have been made from this. However, the good times may not last forever. Growing fruit and vegetables needs a lot of water, and water shortages are one of California's biggest problems. The drought which started 2011 has caused particularly serious problems for farmers, who now have to use new cultivation techniques to save water.

[F] The success of California's industries also attracts workers from other parts of the US and from Latin America – especially Mexico – who often do jobs such as picking fruit, cleaning homes, working in restaurants, etc. Many of the Hispanic workers cross the border illegally and there are Californians who think the US-Mexican borders should be guarded more effectively. In their opinion, it's just one small step from illegal immigration to more serious crimes. Other Californians, however, say that without these illegal immigrants, who often do the hard jobs no Americans want to do, many farms and businesses would have to close down.

2 *Look at the text «El Dorado» again. Are the sentences 1 – 10 'true' (T) or 'false' (F)? Choose 'does not say' (DS) if there is not enough information to answer 'true' or 'false'. Tick (✓) the correct answer.* *[10 points]*

	T	F	DS
1. El Dorado is a city on the American continent.			
2. Many Europeans settled in Mud Springs.			
3. The city became an important place for people who were searching for gold.			
4. Today, most people come to California because of the weather.			
5. The largest technology companies were all started by men.			
6. In the 1990s, the internet was like a new kind of gold for California.			
7. Farming has long been a success story in California.			
8. Artificial intelligence can help to save water.			
9. Many workers cannot officially stay in the USA.			
10. Farms had to close down because there were not enough workers.			

10

3 *Look at the text «El Dorado» again. Find a word or expression which means the same as each of the words (1 – 5) below. The lines where you can find the words or expressions are indicated.* *[5 points]*

Example: fast	→**quickly**	lines 1 – 5

1. to look for		lines 1 - 5
2. to stay		lines 6 – 12
3. to attract		lines 13 – 17
4. to plant		lines 26 – 32
5. worse		lines 33 – 41

5

4 *Look at the text «El Dorado» again. What do the following words mean? Match the expressions (A – D) as used in the text with their corresponding definitions (1 – 6). Write the correct numbers in the grid below. Be careful, there are two definitions that you do not need.* *[4 points]*

A rush (line 7) **B** dot-com bubble (line 24) **C** boom (line 25) **D** agriculture (line 27)	1. a fast rise of internet-related companies, followed by a crash 2. a very successful company 3. the companies and activities that are involved in producing goods 4. a period when the economy suddenly grows a lot 5. a sudden movement of people to a certain place 6. the business, science, or activity of farming

A	B	C	D

4

Total Reading: 25

Part IV: Writing

J Writing *[20 points]*

Task 1: Describe the picture. (40 – 50 words)

Task 2: What did the two boys do after playing football on that day? (40 - 50 words)

You have to do both tasks!

Task 1

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Task 2

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For correction only:

content		**linguistic competence**	**vocabulary**	**correctness**	**coherence**
task 1	task 2				
/3	/3	/3	/3	/6	/2

Total Writing:	20	

Overall total:	120	